

**GUJARAT ASSEMBLY ELECTION 2012: POST POLL SURVEY BY LOKNITI,  
CENTRE FOR THE STUDY OF DEVELOPING SOCIETIES**

The findings presented here are based on a Post Poll survey conducted by the Lokniti, Centre for the Study of Developing Societies (CSDS), Delhi, in Gujarat for CNN-IBN and The Week. The survey was conducted among 3749 respondents between 14th and 18th of December 2012 at 239 locations spread across 60 Assembly constituencies (Table 1). The 60 assembly constituencies were the same as those where a Pre Poll survey was conducted by CSDS in October 2012. The respondents too were from the same pool of respondents that had been selected for the Pre Poll survey. The constituencies were selected using the Probability Proportionate to Size Method. The four polling booths within each sampled constituency were selected using the Systematic Random Sampling (SRS) technique. The respondents too were sampled using SRS (oversampling to allow for non-completion) from the updated electoral rolls of the selected polling booths. The social profile of the respondents interviewed during both the surveys largely matched the demographic profile of the state (Table 2). The interviews were conducted by specially trained field investigators. The respondents were interviewed in the face-to-face interview situation using a structured interview schedule in Gujarati. Respondents were mostly interviewed at their home, preferably alone. All voting questions were asked using a dummy ballot paper and dummy ballot box

**Table 1: Methodology**

<b>Key facts about the survey</b>	
Period when survey was conducted	14th Dec to 18th Dec
Number of Assembly Constituencies where survey was conducted	60
Number of Polling Stations where survey was conducted	239
Number of respondents targeted	7200
Total respondents achieved (Sample size)	3749

**Table 2: Sample profile**

Social Background	Share in total population	Share in Post-poll survey sample
Women	48	47
Urban	43	36
SC	7	8

ST	15	15
Hindu	89	92
Muslim	9	6

Note: All figures are in percent and rounded off; Figures for Women and Urban population are based on Census 2011 Provisional Population Totals, Available from <http://censusgujarat.gov.in/Downloads/PPT/Paper-2/Paper-2%20Volume-1%20of%202011%20GUJARAT.pdf>; accessed on 22/10/2012

The fieldwork for the surveys was coordinated by Mahashweta M. Jani (Ahmedabad) and Bhanu M. Parmar (Anand). The team that designed, co-ordinated and analysed the survey at CSDS comprised of Anuradha Singh, Dhananjay Kumar Singh, Himanshu Bhattacharya, Jyoti Mishra, K.A.Q.A Hilal, Kanchan Malhotra, Maria Mathew, Pranav Gupta, Preeti Singhgautam, Shreya Sarawgi, Shreyas Sardesai and Vibha Attri. Prof. Suhas Palshikar gave his inputs and suggestions. Sanjay Kumar of the CSDS directed the survey.

### DETAILS OF THE SURVEY SAMPLE

Constituency ID and Constituency Name	Respondents
002: Mandvi	60
006: Rapar	58
009: Dhanera	60
012: Palanpur	56
015: Kankrej	60
018: Patan	60
021: Unjha	60
024: Kadi (SC)	60
027: Himatnagar	59
030: Bhiloda (ST)	60
033: Prantij	61
036: Gandhinagar North	59
039: Viramgam	60
042: Vejalpur	60
044: Ellisbridge	60
047: Naroda	60
050: Amraiwadi	60
053: Maninagar	61
056: Asarwa (SC)	60
059: Dhandhuka	60
062: Wadhwan	60
065: Morbi	60

068: Rajkot East	60
071: Rajkot Rural (SC)	60
074: Jetpur	60
077: Jamnagar Rural	59
081: Khambhalia	58
084: Kutiyana	60
087: Visavadar	57
090: Somnath	57
093: Una	50
096: Lathi	63
100: Talaja	66
103: Bhavnagar Rural	72
106: Gadhada (SC)	72
109: Borsad	61
112: Anand	66
115: Matar	64
118: Mahudha	72
121: Balasinor	60
124: Shehra	69
127: Kalol	71
130: Jhalod (ST)	61
134: Devgadbaria	71
137: Chhota Udaipur (ST)	64
140: Dabhoi	66
143: Akota	72
146: Padra	67
149: Dediapada (ST)	71
152: Jhagadia (ST)	57
155: Olpad	63
158: Kamrej	65
161: Varachha Road	71
164: Udhna	69
167: Surat West	60
169: Bardoli (SC)	65
172: Nizar (ST)	63
176: Gandevi (ST)	70
178: Dharampur (ST)	61
181: Kaprada (ST)	66
Total	3749

## MARGINAL OF ALL QUESTIONS ASKED IN THE SURVEY

Q1. While talking to people about the recent elections to the Vidhan Sabha, we find that some people were not able to vote. How about you - were you able to vote or not?

Options	N	(%)
1: Could not vote	253	6.7
2: Voted	3488	93.0
8: No opinion	8	.2
<b>Total</b>	<b>3749</b>	<b>100.0</b>

a: **(If Voted)** Whom did you vote for? I am giving you this slip which has names and election symbols of all the candidates that you saw on the voting machine. On this slip please put a mark in front of the same symbol against which you pressed the button.

Options		N	(%)	Valid (%)
Valid	1: Congress	1356	36.2	38.9
	2: BJP	1670	44.6	47.9
	3: JD(U)	65	1.7	1.9
	4: GPP	124	3.3	3.6
	5: SP	2	.1	.1
	6: BSP	12	.3	.3
	7: NCP	49	1.3	1.4
	8: Independents	27	.7	.8
	9: Other parties	182	4.9	5.2
	<b>Total</b>	<b>3488</b>	<b>93.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Missing	0: DK/N.A.	261	7.0	
<b>Total</b>		<b>3749</b>	<b>100.0</b>	

b: **(If Not Voted)** What was the main reason due to which you could not vote in this election?

Options		N	(%)	Valid (%)
Valid	0: Out of station	84	2.2	32.2
	1: Not well	58	1.5	22.2
	2: No interest/did not feel like voting	34	.9	13.0
	4: No identity card/ identity proof	16	.4	6.1
	7: Others	24	.6	9.2
	8: Can't say	45	1.2	17.2
	<b>Total</b>	<b>261</b>	<b>7.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Missing	9: N.A.	3488	93.0	
<b>Total</b>		<b>3749</b>	<b>100.0</b>	

c: (If Voted) When did you finally make up your mind about whom to vote for?

Options		N	(%)	Valid (%)
Valid	1: On the day of voting	591	15.8	16.9
	2: A day or two before voting	507	13.5	14.5
	3: Earlier, during the campaign	742	19.8	21.3
	4: Even before the campaign started	1349	36.0	38.7
	8: Can't say	300	8.0	8.6
	<b>Total</b>	<b>3488</b>	<b>93.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Missing	9: N.A.	261	7.0	
<b>Total</b>		<b>3749</b>	<b>100.0</b>	

Q2: (If Voted) What mattered to you more while deciding whom to vote for in the recent election – party or candidate?

Options		N	(%)	Valid (%)
Valid	1: Party	1869	49.8	53.6
	2: Candidate	1300	34.7	37.3
	8: Can't say	319	8.5	9.2
	<b>Total</b>	<b>3488</b>	<b>93.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Missing	9: N.A.	261	7.0	
<b>Total</b>		<b>3749</b>	<b>100.0</b>	

a: (If 'Party') What was the most important consideration in favour of the party – Party's leadership, Party's ideology or you generally like the Party?

Options		N	(%)	Valid (%)
Valid	1: Party's leadership	738	19.7	39.5
	2: Party's ideology	472	12.6	25.3
	3: I like the party generally	592	15.8	31.7
	8: Can't say	66	1.8	3.5
	<b>Total</b>	<b>1869</b>	<b>49.8</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Missing	9: N.A.	1880	50.2	
<b>Total</b>		<b>3749</b>	<b>100.0</b>	

b: (If 'Candidate' in Q2) What was the most important consideration in favour of the candidate – Candidate's reputation, Candidate's caste/community, Candidate's work or family ties with the Candidate?

Options		N	(%)	Valid (%)
Valid	1: Reputation	126	3.4	9.5
	2: Caste/Community	151	4.0	11.4
	3: Work	887	23.7	67.2
	4: Family ties	54	1.4	4.1

Options		N	(%)	Valid (%)
	8: Can't say	103	2.7	7.8
	<b>Total</b>	<b>1320</b>	<b>35.2</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Missing	9: N.A.	2429	64.8	
<b>Total</b>		<b>3749</b>	<b>100.0</b>	

Q3: After this election who would you prefer as the next Chief Minister of Gujarat?

Options	N	(%)
1: Narendra Modi	1737	46.3
2: Shankarsingh Vaghela	372	9.9
3: Arjun Modhwadia	116	3.1
4: Shaktisingh Gohli	98	2.6
5: Keshubhai Patel	97	2.6
6: Anyone from BJP	31	.8
7: Anyone from Congress	433	11.5
8: Others	128	3.4
9: No opinion/No answer	737	19.7
<b>Total</b>	<b>3749</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Q4: Do you take part in the programmes/events of RSS or VHP?

Options	N	(%)
1: No	3025	80.7
2: Yes	131	3.5
8: Don't know	593	15.8
<b>Total</b>	<b>3749</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Q5: What is your assessment of the work done by the BJP-led government in Gujarat in the last five years? Would you say that you are satisfied or dissatisfied with it?

Options	N	(%)
1: Fully Satisfied	1372	36.6
2: Somewhat satisfied	862	23.0
3: Somewhat dissatisfied	368	9.8
4: Fully dissatisfied	770	20.5
8: Can't say/D.K.	378	10.1
<b>Total</b>	<b>3749</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Q6: Now I will read out a few issues. Which party according to you is better for these issues Congress or BJP?

a: For Gujarat's development

<b>Options</b>	<b>N</b>	<b>(%)</b>
1: Congress	1016	27.1
2: BJP	1811	48.3
3: Both	237	6.3
4: Neither	215	5.7
8: No opinion	470	12.5
<b>Total</b>	<b>3749</b>	<b>100.0</b>

b: For tackling terrorism

<b>Options</b>	<b>N</b>	<b>(%)</b>
1: Congress	857	22.9
2: BJP	1451	38.7
3: Both	406	10.8
4: Neither	265	7.1
8: No opinion	770	20.5
<b>Total</b>	<b>3749</b>	<b>100.0</b>

c: For the country's development

<b>Options</b>	<b>N</b>	<b>(%)</b>
1: Congress	1066	28.4
2: BJP	1432	38.2
3: Both	375	10.0
4: Neither	227	6.1
8: No opinion	649	17.3
<b>Total</b>	<b>3749</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Q7: While voting in these Gujarat Assembly elections, which was the most important issues for you from among the following issues - Electricity/Water/Road, Corruption, Employment, Price rise, Gujarat leadership, Gujarat development or Farmers' problems?

<b>Options</b>	<b>N</b>	<b>(%)</b>
1: Electricity/Road/Water	683	18.2
2: Corruption	316	8.4
3: Employment	431	11.5
4: Price rise	1039	27.7
5: Gujarat leadership	116	3.1
6: Gujarat development	335	8.9
7: Farmer's problems	509	13.6
8: Others	43	1.1
9: No opinion	277	7.4
<b>Total</b>	<b>3749</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Q8: In your opinion, should the present BJP government in the state get another chance?

<b>Options</b>	<b>N</b>	<b>(%)</b>
1: No	1335	35.6
2: Yes	1833	48.9
8: Can't say	580	15.5
<b>Total</b>	<b>3749</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Q9: Suppose Narendra Modi had not been the leader of the BJP during this Assembly election, in that case would you have voted for the same party whom you just voted or you could have voted for some other party?

<b>Options</b>	<b>N</b>	<b>(%)</b>
1: Same party	1924	51.3
2: Different party	598	15.9
8: Don't know	914	24.4
9: Not voted	313	8.3
<b>Total</b>	<b>3749</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Q10: During elections, people work for parties in different ways like - campaigning for them, doing door to door canvassing, and giving donations/collecting funds. Did you also take party in any such activity/work?

<b>Options</b>	<b>N</b>	<b>(%)</b>
1: No	2724	72.7
2: Yes	333	8.9
8: Don't know	692	18.5
<b>Total</b>	<b>3749</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Q11: Now I will read out few statements. Please tell me whether you agree or disagree with each one of them?

a: Some of the statements given by Narendra Modi regarding women must be condemned

<b>Options</b>	<b>N</b>	<b>(%)</b>
1: Fully agree	617	16.4
2: Somewhat agree	598	16.0
3: Somewhat disagree	472	12.6
4: Fully disagree	621	16.6
8: No opinion	1441	38.4
<b>Total</b>	<b>3749</b>	<b>100.0</b>

b: The Narendra Modi government has protected pastoral land

<b>Options</b>	<b>N</b>	<b>(%)</b>
1: Fully agree	735	19.6
2: Somewhat agree	561	15.0
3: Somewhat disagree	409	10.9
4: Fully disagree	591	15.8
8: No opinion	1454	38.8
<b>Total</b>	<b>3749</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Z1: What is your age?

<b>Age group</b>	<b>N</b>	<b>(%)</b>
1: Up to 25 yrs	409	10.9
2: 26-35 yrs	1043	27.8
3: 36-45 yrs	907	24.2
4: 46-55 yrs	681	18.2
5: 56 yrs. and above	707	18.9
<b>Total</b>	<b>3749</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Z2: Gender

<b>Gender</b>	<b>N</b>	<b>(%)</b>
1: Male	2000	53.4
2: Female	1748	46.6
<b>Total</b>	<b>3749</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Z3: Up to what level have you studied?

<b>Education</b>	<b>N</b>	<b>(%)</b>
0: Non literate	1124	30.0
1: Below Primary	433	11.6
2: Primary pass/Middle fail	677	18.1
3: Middle pass/Matric fail	427	11.4
4: Matric	411	11.0
5: College no-degree	319	8.5
6: Graduate	270	7.2
7: Post Graduate	71	1.9
8: Professional degrees	9	.2
9: NA	7	.2
<b>Total</b>	<b>3749</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Z4: Religion

<b>Religion</b>	<b>N</b>	<b>(%)</b>
1: Hindu	3439	91.7
2: Muslim	248	6.6
3: Christian	7	.2
4: Sikh	3	.1
5: Buddhist/Neo Buddhist	1	.0
6: Jain	40	1.1
7: Animism	2	.1
9: Others	10	.3
<b>Total</b>	<b>3749</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Z5: Area/Locality

<b>Locality</b>	<b>N</b>	<b>(%)</b>
1: Village	2414	64.4
2: Town(Below 1 Lakh)	418	11.1
3: City (above 1 Lakh)	321	8.6
4: Metropolitan city(above 10 lakhs)	596	15.9
<b>Total</b>	<b>3749</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Z6: What is your Caste/Jati-biradari/Tribe name?

<b>Caste/Jati/Biradari</b>	<b>N</b>	<b>(%)</b>
010 Brahmins	131	3.5
021 Lohana	6	.2
025 Rajputs	184	4.9
035 Kayasthas & Brahma	2	.1
045 Vyasa/Vaishya	13	.3
055 Jain	47	1.2
065 Punjabi Khatri	3	.1
070 Sindhi	4	.1
099 Other Upper Castes	51	1.4
121 Marathas	11	.3
125 Patel	29	.8
126 Karwa Patel/Patidar	129	3.4
127 Leuva Patel/Patidar	278	7.4
128 Patel/Patidar	84	2.3
199 Other PP	18	.5
210 Yadav	93	2.5
260 Koli	256	6.8
261 Mer	22	.6
262 Charan	3	.1
263 Rabari	43	1.1

<b>Caste/Jati/Biradari</b>	<b>N</b>	<b>(%)</b>
264 Bharwad	48	1.3
265 Kshatriya	492	13.1
266 Chaudhary	52	1.4
299 Other Peasant Proprietors	141	3.7
300 Bhavsar/Chipa (Weavers)	5	.1
310 Darzee (Tailors)	18	.5
335 Badhai (Carpenters)	26	.7
345 Prajapati/Kumbhar (Potters)	58	1.6
355 Lohar/Panchal (Black Smith)	23	.6
365 Sonar (Gold Smith)	9	.3
391 Other Craftsmen	41	1.1
410 Dhobi (Washermen)	7	.2
420 Nai (Barber)	32	.8
430 Ganchi/Teli (Oil Pressers)	6	.1
435 Jogi (Mendicants & seek Alms)	28	.7
445 Trader OBCs	4	.1
470 Khelkarti Jati (Entertaining Castes)	5	.1
489 Mochi SC	6	.2
490 Vagharis/Devipujaks	101	2.7
499 Other Service OBCs	98	2.6
500 Chamar	106	2.8
510 Balmiki	43	1.1
556 Vankar	99	2.6
599 Other SC	44	1.2
601 Bhil	93	2.5
602 Naikda: Nayakad	23	.6
603 Chowdhara	6	.2
604 Halpati	13	.4
605 Vasava	136	3.6
606 Gamit	20	.5
607 Rathwa	51	1.4
699 Other STs	255	6.8
700 Ashrafs(Sayyad/Saikh)	25	.7
710 Mughal (Khan)	4	.1
720 Rajput (Peasant Proprietors)	2	.1
730 Other Upper Caste	80	2.1
740 Peasants/Traders	11	.3
750 Craftsmen/Weavers	5	.1
760 Service	2	.1
770 Ex-Untouchables/Muslim Dalits	6	.2
780 Other Muslim OBC Mahimal	94	2.5
799 Muslim No Caste/Other Muslims	2	.0
830 Sikh No Caste/Other Sikhs	4	.1
840 Upper Caste Christians	1	.0

<b>Caste/Jati/Biradari</b>	<b>N</b>	<b>(%)</b>
850 OBC Christians	2	.1
860 Dalit Christians	1	.0
900 Dalit Buddhists	1	.0
995 Hindu no caste	10	.3
999 Not Ascertained/Answer refused	9	.2
<b>Total</b>	<b>3749</b>	<b>100.0</b>

a: And what is your caste group?

<b>Caste group</b>	<b>N</b>	<b>(%)</b>
1: Scheduled Caste (SC)	315	8.4
2: Scheduled Tribe (ST)	611	16.3
3: Other Backward Caste	1708	45.6
4: Others	1107	29.5
9: N.A.	8	.2
<b>Total</b>	<b>3749</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Z8: Total monthly household income - putting together the income of all members of the household?

<b>Options</b>	<b>N</b>	<b>(%)</b>
1: Up to Rs 1000	631	16.8
2: 1001 to 2000	628	16.8
3: 2001 to 3000	483	12.9
4: 3001 to 4000	310	8.3
5: 4001 to 5000	359	9.6
6: 5001 to 10000	646	17.2
7: 10001 to 20000	394	10.5
8: Above 20000	298	7.9
<b>Total</b>	<b>3749</b>	<b>100.0</b>

## SOCIAL BASIS OF VOTING

**Table: Survey based estimates of vote for major parties by gender, age, education, locality, class and caste/community in assembly elections 2007 and 2012**

	Congress		BJP		GPP		Others		N for 2012
	2007	2012	2007	2012	2007	2012	2007	2012	
<b>Age groups</b>									
Up to 25 yrs	40	37	49	52	NA	3	11	9	377
26-35 yrs	38	39	49	48	NA	3	13	9	968
36-45 yrs	39	38	46	48	NA	4	15	10	864
46-55 yrs	35	37	54	48	NA	4	12	11	642
56 years & above	38	41	48	45	NA	4	14	10	639
<b>Gender</b>									
Men	37	38	50	48	NA	4	14	10	1894
Women	40	40	49	47	NA	4	12	10	1595
<b>Level of education</b>									
Non literate	40	46	42	44	NA	2	18	9	1025
Up to primary	41	43	45	43	NA	4	14	10	1047
Up to matric	38	33	52	53	NA	3	11	11	793
College and above	33	27	59	57	NA	7	8	9	619
<b>Locality</b>									
Rural	40	41	46	47	NA	4	15	9	2281
Urban	34	35	58	51	NA	4	9	10	1208
<b>Class</b>									
Upper	31	28	60	57	NA	8	9	7	610
Middle	37	34	53	54	NA	5	11	7	943
Lower	40	45	39	41	NA	2	21	13	1058
Poor	42	44	45	43	NA	1	14	11	831
<b>Caste/community</b>									
Upper caste	26	26	69	61	NA	5	5	8	328
Leuva Patel	34	15	55	63	NA	18	11	5	261
Kadwa Patel	8	7	85	82	NA	4	7	7	116
Kshatriya	39	44	47	52	NA	1	14	4	641
Koli	52	39	42	53	NA	1	6	7	235
Other OBC	38	32	54	54	NA	4	8	11	784
SC	56	65	34	23	NA	1	11	12	267
ST	33	46	38	32	NA	3	29	20	565
Muslim	67	72	22	20	NA	1	11	6	218
Others	26	24	61	69	NA	1	13	5	75*

Notes:

(1) All figures except 'N' are in % and rounded off

(2) 'N' stands for sample size for the relevant row. In some cases the sample size is too small and figures indicated with \* need to be read with caution.

(3) Educational categories: are defined as follows. **Non Literate:** A person who can neither read nor write in any language. **Up to Primary:** It includes the persons who received formal schooling; either completed the whole primary cycle (I-V) or completed one or other grades of it. **Up to Matric:** It includes persons ranging from those who received schooling beyond the primary cycle to those who actually completed the 10<sup>th</sup> standard. **College and above:** It includes persons who went to college but could not receive a degree and those who completed five years of education in college and persons who received education beyond graduation either in general education or in specialized streams/courses.

(4) The Class scheme used here takes into account two elements of material wealth – durable household assets and monthly household income. **Upper** are those who had a car/jeep/tractor or colour TV, scooter, telephone, fridge, air conditioner, pumping sets (rural) and LPG (rural), or whose monthly household income was above Rs 20,000.

**Middle class** respondents are those who had any three out of four assets such as telephone, colour TV, scooter/motor cycle and fridge in their households or whose monthly household income was above Rs 5,000 and up to Rs 20,000. **Lower class** respondents are those who had any three out of four assets such as B/W TV, electric fan, bicycle and LPG in their households or whose monthly household income was above Rs 2,000 and up to Rs 5,000.

**Poor** are those who had no more than two out of the household assets or whose monthly household income was Rs 2,000 and less.

(5) Since the analysis uses data-file weighted by actual vote shares, it holds on the assumption that any discrepancy between the reported vote in the post-poll survey and the actual vote share is evenly distributed across all the social groups.

(6) 'Others' in this Table (column) include other smaller parties and Independents.

Source: All figures except for those for Class in 2012 are based on post-poll surveys carried out by CSDS in 2007 and 2012. 2012 figures for Class are based on pre-poll survey conducted by CSDS. Total sample size in 2007 was 3095. Total sample size in 2012 Post Poll was 3749; Total sample size of Pre poll survey in 2012 was 3661. In the post poll surveys the respondents were asked to indicate who they voted for by using a ballot paper that carried the list of candidates their party names and symbols as on the EVM in their constituency. Figures reported here are for respondents who said they voted. The investigators checked if these respondents carried a mark on their finger. Those without a finger mark have been excluded from this analysis. The raw survey figures were weighed by actual vote share obtained by major parties in the final results. In the case of the pre poll survey, figures reported are for respondents who answered the question as to who they would vote for.

## RESULT OF THE GUJARAT ASSEMBLY ELECTION 2012

**Table: Seats contested, won and votes secured by major parties**

	Seats contested	Seats won	Gain/Loss of seats since 2007	Vote share (%)	Vote swing since 2007 (% points)
Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP)	182	115	-2	47.86	-1.26
Indian National Congress (INC)	176	61	+2	38.94	+0.94
Nationalist Congress Party (NCP)	12	2	-1	0.95	-0.10
Bahujan Samaj Party (BSP)	163	0	0	1.25	-1.37
Samajwadi Party (SP)	67	0	0	0.26	+0.11
Communist Party of India (CPI)	3	0	0	0.02	-0.01

Communist Party of India-Marxist (CPI-M)	9	0	0	0.08	-0.07
Gujarat Parivartan Party (GPP)	167	2	+2	3.63	+3.63
Janata Dal-United (JD-U)	65	1	0	0.67	+0.01
Lok Jan Shakti Party (LJNSP)	44	0	0	0.20	+0.09
Other parties	110	0	0	0.32	-1.18
Independents	668	1	-1	5.82	-0.79
Total	1666	0	0	100	0

Notes: (1) 'Others parties' in 2012 include Communist Party of India-Marxist Leninist (Liberation) (CPI-ML (L)), Republican Party of India-A (RPI-A), Rashtriya Lok Dal (RLD), Akhil Bharatiya Manav Seva Dal (ABMSD), Socialist Unity Centre of India-Communist (SUCI-C), Indian Justice Party (IJP) and other smaller parties. 'Others parties' in 2007 included CPI-ML (L), RPI-A, ABMSD, Rashtriya Janata Dal (RJD), Shivsena (SHS) and other smaller parties. (2) GPP is a new party and did not contest in 2007. Source: Detailed constituency level results from Election Commission of India statistical report of 2012 Gujarat Assembly election [http://eci.nic.in/eci\\_main/StatisticalReports/SE\\_2012/Reports\\_Index%20Card\\_ECIAApplication\\_GujaratState\\_CEO.pdf](http://eci.nic.in/eci_main/StatisticalReports/SE_2012/Reports_Index%20Card_ECIAApplication_GujaratState_CEO.pdf); accessed on 8/3/2013; Data aggregated and recomputed by CSDS Data Unit.